

# Business Squad

পরীক্ষার নাম: English Mega Test-01

সময়: ৬০ মিনিট ০ সেকেন্ড | মোট প্রশ্ন: 100 টি | মোট নম্বর:  $100 \times 1 = 100$

প্রতি সঠিক উত্তরের নম্বর: 1 | প্রতি ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কাটা নম্বর: 0.25

1) "The building is made \_\_\_\_\_ bricks." (English)

- A). of
- B). from
- C). by
- D). with

2) Meaning of the idiom 'White elephant' □ (English)

- A). A rare animal
- B). A costly but useless possession
- C). A lucky charm
- D). A heavy load

3) "He was exiled □□□ his homeland." (English)

- A). of
- B). from
- C). with
- D). by

4) Standing on the balcony, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the garden was visible
- B). we saw the garden
- C). the view was nice
- D). flowers were seen

5) In an admission test, to answer correctly is more important than □□□. (English)

- A). to finish quickly
- B). finishing quickly
- C). quick finish
- D). you finish quickly

6) Antonym of 'Huge' - (English)

- A). Tiny
- B). Large
- C). High
- D). Wide

7) Walking through the forest, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the trees were tall
- B). he saw a deer
- C). a deer was seen
- D). the path was muddy

8) We helped her □□□. (English)

- A). cook
- B). to cook
- C). cooking
- D). Both A & B

9) The man \_\_\_\_\_ by the door is my uncle. (English)

- A). stands
- B). standing
- C). is standing
- D). who standing

10) Correct spelling: (English)

- A). Restaurant
- B). Resturant
- C). Resturant
- D). Resterant

11) "He is both a teacher and a writer." This is a - (English)

- A). Compound Sentence
- B). Simple Sentence
- C). Complex Sentence
- D). Optative Sentence

12) ANALOGY □ PEAK : SUMMIT :: ? (English)

- A). Mutation : Change
- B). Gun : Soldier
- C). Foreign : Native
- D). Switch : Current

13) Meaning of 'Cul-de-sac' - (English)

- A). Busy street
- B). Impasse
- C). Secret path
- D). Park

14) Antonym of 'Reluctantly' □□□ (English)

- A). Eagerly
- B). Unwillingly
- C). Slowly
- D). Softly

15) Confused by the question, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). he could not answer
- B). the answer was wrong
- C). it was a hard question
- D). answering was hard

16) I knowing the place where he was born. The underlined part ("where he was born") is □ (English)

- A). Noun clause
- B). Adjective clause
- C). Adverbial clause
- D). Principal clause

17) He is hard working, and \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). so I am
- B). so am I
- C). I am so
- D). I too am

18) "She succeeded \_\_\_\_ her own initiative." (English)

- A). by
- B). in
- C). on
- D). at

19) Meaning of 'Fight tooth and nail' □□□. (English)

- A). with all one's might
- B). angry
- C). lose
- D). dental problem

20) Runa doesn't like coffee, and \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). neither does her sister
- B). her sister doesn't neither
- C). so does her sister
- D). nor her sister does

21) Synonym of 'Hamlet' - (English)

- A). Large city
- B). Small village
- C). Capital
- D). Town

22) Not looking where he was going, \_\_\_\_\_ . (English)

- A). a truck hit him
- B). he was hit by a truck
- C). a truck was hitting him
- D). he hit a truck

23) Why \_\_\_\_\_ this? (English)

- A). you have done
- B). did you have done
- C). you had done
- D). have you done

24) "You should cut \_\_\_\_\_ on your expenses." (English)

- A). off
- B). out
- C). down
- D). up

25) Ripe with stone, \_\_\_\_\_ . (English)

- A). the castle is strong
- B). people visit the castle
- C). it is an old castle
- D). the castle was built long ago

26) I spent \_\_\_\_\_ time. (English)

- A). some time
- B). sometime
- C). sometimes
- D). some times

27) If you don't go, I won't \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). also
- B). too
- C). either
- D). neither

28) "What did you tell her?" Here 'What' is - (English)

- A). Subject
- B). Direct Object
- C). Indirect Object
- D). Complement

29) To score good marks, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). study is needed
- B). you must study hard
- C). it is necessary to study
- D). more study is needed

30) Runa entered the room, sat and \_\_\_\_\_ his book. (English)

- A). opened
- B). opens
- C). opening
- D). to open

31) I found the boy \_\_\_\_\_ in the field. (English)

- A). play
- B). playing
- C). to play
- D). played

32) The university requires that all the students \_\_\_\_\_ this course. (English)

- A). takes
- B). took
- C). take
- D). should take

33) Tired and hungry, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the food was delicious
- B). he ate the food quickly
- C). it was a long day
- D). eating food happened

34) Which is an 'Adverbial Complement'? (English)

- A). He is a doctor.
- B). He is here.
- C). He is happy
- D). He is a king.

35) "Turn a deaf ear" means \_\_\_\_\_ (English)

- A). ignore
- B). listen
- C). turn
- D). hear

36) Runa doesn't here, and \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). neither is his friend
- B). his friend isn't neither
- C). so isn't his friend
- D). nor his friend is

37) What is the antonym of 'Conceal'? (English)

- A). Reveal
- B). Hide
- C). Express
- D). Cover

38) Runa is the man of the match, -----? (English)

- A). is he
- B). aren't he
- C). isn't he
- D). none

39) ANALOGY □ BRUSH : PAINTING :: ? (English)

- A). Chisel : Sculpture
- B). Pencil : Writing
- C). Piano : Music
- D). All of the above

40) Plunging into the river, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the boy was saved
- B). he saved the boy
- C). saving the boy was easy
- D). a splash was heard

41) Correct spelling: (English)

- A). Pneumonia
- B). Numonia
- C). Pnumonia
- D). Neumonia

42) By practicing daily, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). you can play well
- B). playing well is easy
- C). success is sure
- D). it takes time

43) Meaning of 'Take with a grain of salt' - (English)

- A). To doubt
- B). To believe
- C). To eat
- D). To cook

44) While biking to school, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). a car hit her
- B). she had an accident
- C). the bike broke
- D). an accident happened

45) None is happy, -----? (English)

- A). are they
- B). is he
- C). isn't he
- D). are we

46) "She is always running \_\_\_\_\_ her neighbors." (English)

- A). down
- B). out
- C). off
- D). up

47) Antonym of 'Latent' - (English)

- A). Hidden
- B). Apparent
- C). Secret
- D). Inner

48) The news that he is dead is false. The underlined part ("that he is dead") is a/an □ (English)

- A). Noun clause
- B). Adjective clause
- C). Adverbial clause
- D). Main clause

49) "End in smoke" means □□□ (English)

- A). fail
- B). win
- C). burn
- D). start

50) While walking on the road, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). a car hit him
- B). he was hit by a car
- C). he hit a car
- D). a car was hitting him

51) Synonym of 'Intimidated' - (English)

- A). Frightened
- B). Happy
- C). Sad
- D). Bold

52) What time \_\_\_\_\_? (English)

- A). begins the film
- B). does begin the film
- C). does the film begin
- D). does the film begins

53) Although very smart, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). he failed the exam
- B). the exam was hard
- C). failing the exam happened
- D). it was a surprise

54) Walking in the morning is good for health. "Walking in the morning" is a \_\_\_\_\_ (English)

- A). Noun phrase
- B). Adjective phrase
- C). Adverbial phrase
- D). Verb phrase

55) Let them \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). play
- B). to play
- C). playing
- D). played

56) ANALOGY : CANDLE : TALLOW :: ? (English)

- A). Statue : Bronze
- B). Banana : Peel
- C). Fire : Ashes
- D). Furniture : Polish

57) Meaning of 'Green room' কক্ষ. (English)

- A). preparation room
- B). garden
- C). audience room
- D). exit

58) I shall go \_\_\_\_\_ you go. (English)

- A). where
- B). wherever
- C). when
- D). whether

59) Without helping others, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). you cannot be happy
- B). happiness is impossible
- C). it is a selfish life
- D). helping is good

60) After jumping off the boat, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the water felt cold
- B). he swam to the shore
- C). the shore was reached
- D). swimming was fun

61) Correct spelling: (English)

- A). Nausea
- B). Nausia
- C). Nauseous
- D). Both A and C

62) "He lives \_\_\_\_\_ junk food." (English)

- A). on
- B). by
- C). at
- D). with

63) What is the synonym of 'Fabricate'? (English)

- A). Manufacture
- B). Demolish
- C). Refresh
- D). Arrange

64) If services are increased, taxes □□□. (English)

- A). will go up
- B). go up
- C). went up
- D). gone up

65) No one was present in the meeting, -----? (English)

- A). was they
- B). wasn't they
- C). wasn't he
- D). were they

66) ANALOGY - DOG : LEASH :: ? (English)

- A). Cow : Tether
- B). Bird : Wings
- C). Fish : Fin
- D). Horse : Stable

67) The grammar part 'Syntax' means - (English)

- A). Sentence construction
- B). Letter formation
- C). Rhyme scheme
- D). Spelling

68) "The gun \_\_\_\_\_ while he was cleaning it." (English)

- A). went on
- B). went off
- C). went away
- D). went out

69) I am trying to calculate how much money \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). do you owe me
- B). you owe me
- C). owe you me
- D). you do owe me

70) Barking at the stranger, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). the dog was loud
- B). I heard a dog
- C). the dog scared me
- D). the dog made a noise

71) Antonym of 'Accidental' - (English)

- A). Sudden
- B). Intentional
- C). Casual
- D). Random

72) It was decided \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting should be postponed. (English)

- A). what
- B). that
- C). if
- D). whether

73) Choose the correct spelling: (English)

- A). Pneumonia
- B). Numonia
- C). Pnumonia
- D). Neumonia

74) Worn out by the long walk, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). her feet ached
- B). she sat down to rest
- C). resting was necessary
- D). the bench felt good

75) Morning entertains us with fresh air, -----? (English)

- A). don't it
- B). doesn't it
- C). isn't it
- D). doesn't they

76) "She is popular \_\_\_\_\_ her kindness." (English)

- A). at
- B). with
- C). for
- D). by

77) I am looking for someone who \_\_\_\_\_ play the piano. (English)

- A). able to
- B). is able
- C). can be able to
- D). can

78) Having completed the task, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). she went to sleep
- B). sleep was necessary
- C). it was late at night
- D). going to sleep happened

79) Smaller than a lemon, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). a lime is very sour
- B). the juice of a lime is sour
- C). it is easy to squeeze a lime
- D). sour is the lime

80) Identify the correct spelling □ (English)

- A). Entrepreneur
- B). Entreprenur
- C). Enterprenure
- D). Entreprenure

81) This is the house \_\_\_\_\_ I lived in my childhood. (English)

- A). where
- B). which
- C). what
- D). that

82) Her father didn't let her □□□ out with him. (English)

- A). to go
- B). go
- C). going
- D). gone

83) Hanging on the wall, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). I saw a portrait
- B). a portrait was seen
- C). there was a portrait
- D). a portrait hung

84) He had his hair □□□. (English)

- A). cut
- B). cutting
- C). to cut
- D). to be cut

85) Antonym of 'Malign' ককক. (English)

- A). Praise
- B). Evil
- C). Bad
- D). Hate

86) He likes to read, watch and ককক. (English)

- A). play
- B). playing
- C). to play
- D). played

87) My friend believes in hard work, and \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). so do I
- B). so I do
- C). I do so
- D). I too do

88) ANALOGY ক MUSIC : GUITAR :: ? (English)

- A). Words : Typewriter
- B). Stamping : Noise
- C). Water : Ocean
- D). Windows : House

89) Meaning of 'A far cry': (English)

- A). Loud noise
- B). Very different
- C). Near distance
- D). Sad event

90) Let him ককক. (English)

- A). choose
- B). choice
- C). chose
- D). choosing

91) Subject and Predicate are parts of a - (English)

- A). Word
- B). Clause
- C). Sentence
- D). Syllable

92) All citizens        their taxes. (English)

- A). should be paid
- B). must be paid
- C). would be paid
- D). have to pay

93) Meaning of the idiom 'A hard nut to crack'        (English)

- A). A tasty snack
- B). A difficult problem
- C). A broken shell
- D). An easy task

94) "The student could not answer, so he        up." (English)

- A). gave
- B). took
- C). made
- D). set

95) In spite of his poverty, he is honest. The underlined part ("In spite of his poverty") is a        (English)

- A). Noun phrase
- B). Adjective phrase
- C). Adverbial phrase
- D). Prepositional phrase

96) ANALOGY        AIRPLANE : HANGAR :: ? (English)

- A). Ship : Channel
- B). Automobile : Garage
- C). Helicopter : Pad
- D). Motorcycle : Sidecar

97) Everything looked beautiful, -----? (English)

- A). wasn't it
- B). didn't it
- C). was it
- D). did it

98) Writing a sonnet is as difficult as        a novel. (English)

- A). finishing
- B). finish
- C). to finish
- D). finished

99) "The meeting has been \_\_\_\_\_ until next week." (English)

- A). put out
- B). put off
- C). put away
- D). put in

100) Walking in the forest, \_\_\_\_\_. (English)

- A). he found a rare flower
- B). a flower was found
- C). the flowers were pretty
- D). it was a green forest

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